ots, in compliance empty containers manager sposal pit 00mm below the surface in a disposs of waterways, desirable vegetation Territory government regulations. management facility. If a containers 500mm below bury the empty containers 50 set up for this purpose, clear with relevant Local, State or

Excess and unwanted chemicals should b ChemClear® or equivalent collection and

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

es and skin.

Ity and using lent clothing), a. Will irritate the er, preparing the spand wrist (or equipe. bed by skin contact or swallowed. W skin. When opening the container, pr ton overalls butoned to the neck and welength chemical resistant gloves. I, wards, arms and face thoroughly with contaminated clothing. Avoid bare ski drinking or s days use, w

s, or inhaled, contact a doctor or Poisons Information ve any contaminated clothing and wash skin thoroughly, advised. Give atropine as instructed.



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DATA

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Harmful if inhaled (spected of causing cife. Toxic to bees. ij. swallowed. mists). Sust to aquatic lif **STATEMENTS**

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DOM:

POISON KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

Kendon **Carbaryl 500SC Insecticide**

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 500g/L CARBARYL (an ANTI-CHOLINESTERASE COMPOUND)

GROUP 1A INSECTICIDE

For the control of certain insects in fruit, nuts, vegetables, crops and pastures; and for certain other uses as specified in the Directions for Use table.

IMPORTANT: READ THIS LEAFLET BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT

Kendon Plant Care Pty Ltd 10 Abbott Street, Fairfield VIC. 3078. (03) 9497 2822

AN AUSTRALIAN OWNED COMPANY

Directions for Use

- DO NOT make more than four applications per season to avocados.

 DO NOT make more than three applications per season to mangoes.

 DO NOT apply by air unless otherwise specified.

- **DO NOT** allow spray to drift off-target onto sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) natural streams, rivers, waterways, wetlands, waterbodies, watercourses or neighbouring properties.

The application of Kendon Carbaryl 500SC Insecticide to flowering crops during the period 7 days prior to flowering to 30 days post flowering, may result in fruit thinning. **DO NOT** apply Kendon Carbaryl 500SC Insecticide to flowering crops during this period if fruit thinning is unacceptable.

Aerial ApplicationWhen mixing and loading Kendon Carbaryl 500SC Insecticide for aerial application, the use of a closed transfer / mixing system is required to reduce operator exposure to an

acceptable level.

If Kendon Carbaryl 500SC Insecticide is being applied by air and flaggers are required to be used, they must be protected by engineering controls. Engineering controls include closed cabins of tractors or vehicles where a flagger will not be exposed to spray from

TREE AND VINE CROPS

INLL AND V	REE AND VINE CROPS					
spra	RATE following table, all rates are g ying. Where appropriate, for ing, refer to the Application s GENERAL INSTRUCTION	CRITICAL COMMENTS Where appropriate apply by dilute or concentrate spraying equipment. Apply the same total				
CROP	PEST	RATE (dilute spraying)	WHP	Apply the same total amount of product to the target crop whether applying this product by dilute or concentrate spraying methods.		
Avocados	Red shouldered leaf beetle, Wingless grasshopper	200ml /100L water	3 days (H)	Apply when infestation is first observed and repeat as swarms re-infest.		
Citrus (oranges and lemons only)	Lightbrown apple moth, Yellow peach moth, Fruit piercing moth (fruit Sucking moth), Orange fruit borer, Citrus leaf-eating caterpillar, Fuller's rose weevil, Wingless grasshopper	160ml to 200ml / 100L water		Apply at first sign of pest activity and repeat at intervals of 2 weeks or as necessary. Use higher rate when higher insect pressure occurs. Fuller's rose weevil: Spray lower parts of		
	Spined citrus bug, Bronze orange bug	100ml / 100L water		the trees and ground beneath.		

SITUATION	PEST	RATE	WHP (days)	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Citrus (oranges and lemons only) cont	Pink wax scale, White wax scale	140ml plus 1L Summer oil spray per 100L water	3 days (H)	Spray trees thoroughly to dripping point in late November to early December followed by a second application in late January to early February. Add the summer oil to water in vat before Kendon Carbaryl 500SC Insecticide. Keep the mixture agitated while spraying. Note: Concentrate spraying is not appropriate for this use.
Coconut (non- flowering / non-fruiting trees only)	Palm leaf beetle	200ml / 100L water OR 2.2L / ha	-	Apply at first sign of pest activity and repeat as necessary.
Feijoa, Guavas (non- flowering / non-fruiting trees only)	Orange fruit borer, Wingless grasshopper	200ml /100L water	-	Spray trees thoroughly to dripping point in late November to early December followed by a second application in late January to early February. Add the summer oil to water in vat before Kendon Carbaryl 500SC Insecticide. Keep the mixture agitated while spraying. Note: Concentrate spraying is not appropriate for this use.
Grapes (butt treatments only)	Cutworms	160ml to 200ml / 100L water	-	Spray around base of plants when attack first noticed. Use higher rate where high insect pressure occurs.
Jaboticaba, Jackfruit (non- flowering / non-fruiting trees only)	Swarming leaf beetle, Wingless grasshopper	200ml /100L water	-	Several applications may be needed. DO NOT apply after comencement of flowering.

SITUATION	PEST	RATE	WHP (days)	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Loquats	Fruit thinning	200ml /100L water	-	Only to be used for fruiit thinning, up to fruit size 10mm.
Longans, Litchis (non- flowering / non-fruiting trees only)	Castor oil looper, Leaf eating looper, Macadamia nutborer, Redshouldered leaf beetle, Swarming leaf beetle, Yellow peach moth, Monolepta beetles, Rhyparida beetles, Leafroller, Wingless grasshopper	200ml / 100L water	-	Apply at first sign of pest activity and repeat spray as necessary. Thorough coverage of foliage is required.
Macadamias	Macadamia nutborer, Macadamia twig girdler, Redshouldered leaf beetle, Cornelian (butterfly), Macadamia cup moth, Macadamia nut moth, Yellow peach moth	200ml / 100L water	-	Apply a preventative spray after moths have been flighting.
	Wingless grasshopper			Spray infested area thoroughly as required.
Mangoes	Fig leafhoppers	200ml / 100L water	7 days (H)	Apply when large populations appear on leaf stalks (October to November).
	Wingless grasshopper			Spray infested area thoroughly as required.
	Flattid plant hoppers, Pink wax scale, Common mango scale	140ml / 100L water		Apply in December
Pecans	Orange fruitborer, Yellow peach moth	200ml / 100L water	-	Apply to mature trees carrying nuts. Direct spray to clusters of nuts where pests build up.

TREE AND VINE CROPS cont...

SITUATION	PEST	RATE	WHP (days)	CRITICAL COMMENTS
POME FRUIT Apples, Pears Refer to the "POME FRUIT" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS for information on crop safety.	Early fruit caterpillars (heliothis), Codling moth, Lightbrown apple moth, Pearleaf blister mite, Wingless grasshopper	160ml to 200ml / 100L water	11 weeks (H)	Apply at first sign of pest activity. Repeat spray at 21 day intervals during the season. Use higher rate where high insect pressure occurs. A reduction in fruit set may occur if application is made within 30 days after full bloom. DO NOT apply to apples and pears within 30 days AFTER full bloom if reduction in fruit set is not desired. A careful appraisal of all factors likely to thin the crop should be made before spraying. If reduction in fruit set is desired, apply between 7 to 28 days after full bloom.
	Pear and cherry slug	200ml / 100L water		Apply as pest populations indicate.
Rambutans (non- flowering / non-fruiting trees only)	Castor oil looper, Redshouldered leaf beetle, Swarming leaf beetle, Wingless grasshopper	200ml / 100L water	-	Apply at first sign of pests and repeat as required.
Raspberries	Grasshoppers, Heliothis, Mealy bug, Rutherglen bug, Weevils, Armyworm, Lightbrown apple moth, Raspberry fruit caterpillar, Wingless grasshopper	200ml /100L water	7 days (H)	Apply at first sign of pests and repeat as required.

SITUATION	PEST	RATE	WHP (days)	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Apricots, Apricots, Nectarines, Peaches, Plums, Prunes only DO NOT use on Cherries	Green treehopper, Lightbrown apple moth, Oriental Fruit moth, Pear and cherry slug, Redshouldered leaf beetle, Orange fruit borer, Heliothis (budworms)	160ml to 200ml /100L water	5 weeks (H)	Apply at first sign of pest activity and repeat at intervals of 2 weeks or as necessary. Use higher rate where high insect pressure occurs. Spot spraying may be all that is required to control red shouldered leaf beetle.
	Wingless grasshopper	200ml / 100L water		Spray infested area thoroughly as required.
	Fruit-tree borer	290ml /100L water		Apply to areas of trunks and limbs showing damage by borer. Ensure that protective webbing and surrounding bark is saturated. Allow spray to enter larvae tunnel. Apply by coarse spray twice at 21 day intervals during winter. Note: Concentrate spraying is not appropriate for this use.
	European earwig	200ml / 100L water		Apply when pests are present and repeat as necessary.

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SITUATION	PEST	RATE	WHP (days)	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Beetroot	Vegetable weevil	300ml / 100L water	3 days (H)	Apply at first sign of pest activity and repeat as necessary.
	Wingless grasshopper, Green vegetable bug, Heliothis (budworms), Leaf eating ladybird, Cutworms, European earwig, Potato moth, Rutherglen bug, Armyworms	160ml to 200ml /100L water		Apply at first sign of pest activity and repeat as necessary. Use higher rate where high insect pressure occurs.
Cucurbits (Melons and other cucurbits, prior to flowering only)	Heliothis (budworms), Pumpkin beetle, 28-spotted ladybird, Cucurbit stemborer, Wingless grasshopper, Green vegetable bug, Leaf eating ladybird, Cutworms, European earwig, Potato moth, Rutherglen bug, Armyworms	200ml /100L water	-	Apply at first sign of pest activity and repeat as necessary. Use higher rate where high insect pressure occurs.
Rosella (non-food crops)	Leaf eating beetles, Wingless grasshopper, Green vegetable bug, Heliothis (budworms), Leaf eating ladybird, Cutworms, European earwig, Potato moth, Rutherglen bug, Armyworms	200ml /100L water	-	Apply at first sign of pest activity and repeat as necessary. Use higher rate where high insect pressure occurs.
Potatoes	Potato moth, Wingless grasshopper, Green vegetable bug, Heliothis (budworms), Leaf eating ladybird, Cutworms, European earwig, Rutherglen bug, Armyworms	200ml / 100L water OR 2.2L / ha	3 days (H)	Apply at first sign of pest activity. Use sufficient water for good coverage. One or two later sprays at 3 to 4 week intervals could be required.

SITUATION	PEST	RATE	WHP (days)	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Sweet Potato	Sweet potato weevil	200ml / 100L water OR 2.2L / ha	3 days (H)	Apply at first sign of pest activity and repeat as necessary.
Turnips (Swede)	Vegetable weevil, Wingless grasshopper, Cabbage white butterfly, Green vegetable bug, Heliothis (budworms), Pumpkin beetle, Leaf eating ladybird, Cutworms, European earwig, Potato moth, Rutherglen bug, Armyworms, Cabbage moth	300ml / 100L	3 days (H)	Apply at first sign of pest activity and repeat as necessary.
Strawberry (runner production only)	Grasshoppers	200ml / 100L water	-	Apply at first sign of pest activity and repeat as necessary.

FIELD CROPS AND PASTURES

SITUATION	PEST	RATE	WHP (days)	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Cereals, including Sorghum, and Maize	g n, Heliothis (budworms), Redshouldered leaf beetle, Rutherglen bug, Wingless grasshopper		14 days (G & H)	Apply when pest appears and repeat as necessary. Use higher rate where high insect pressure occurs.
	Australian plague locust, Migratory locust, Yellow winged locust	1.2L to 1.4L / ha		Apply when pest appears and repeat as necessary. Use higher rate on adults.
Cotton	Rough bollworm, Black sunflower scarab	200ml /100L water OR 2.2L/ha	3 days (H)	Apply when pest appears and repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals as necessary. DO NOT use on cotton after 25% of bolls have opened.

FIELD CROPS	AND PASTURES cont			
SITUATION	PEST	RATE	WHP (days)	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Duboisia	Australian plague locust, Cluster caterpillar, Grasshoppers, Leaf eating ladybirds, Sandal-box hawk moth	200ml / 100L water OR 2.2L / ha	-	Apply when pest appears and repeat as necessary.
Kenaf (non food crops)	Redshouldered leef beetle	2.2L / ha	-	Apply as pest pressure indicates.
Lucerne	Lucerne leaf roller, Sitona weevil Heliothis (budworms), Leafhoppers (jassids) Lucerne flea	1.8L / ha 2.2L / ha 500ml	7 days (G)	Apply at first sign of pest activity and repeat as necessary. Use sufficient water for adequate coverage.
Pastures, Pasture seed crops	Wingless grasshopper	/ ha 160ml / 100L water	7 days (G)	Spray infested areas thoroughly as required.
	Grass caterpillar Pasture leafhopper Migratory locust,	1.1L / ha 200ml / 100L water OR 1.6L / ha		Apply when pest appears and repeat when necessary. DO NOT use excessively in areas where grass is germinating.
	Yellow winged locust, Australian plague locust Cutworms, Sitona weevil,	1.4L / ha 2.2L / ha		Use higher rate on adult locusts or when high insect pressure occurs.
	Pasture cockchafer, Armyworms, Heliothis (budworms)			Pasture cockchafer: Apply about 4 weeks after opening rains.
	Lucerne leafroller, Armyworms, Cutowrms, Sitona weevil	1.8L to 2.2L / ha OR 200ml / 100L water		WARNING: Some cultivars of tropical pasture legumes may develop phytotoxic symptoms after use.
	Lucern flea	500ml / ha		Lucerne flea: Apply 3-5 weeks after opening autumn rains and repeat as necessary.

FIELD CROPS AND PASTURES cont..

SITUATION	PEST	RATE	WHP (days)	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Rice	Brown planthopper	2.2L / ha		Apply as pest populations indicate. Under heavy pressure, re-treatment after 14 days may be necessary. Phytotoxicity may occur if applied within 15 days before or after use of propanil. DO NOT apply before heading if propanil has been or will be applied.
Sorghum	Sorghum midge, Heliothis (budworms)	160ml to 200ml /100L water OR 1.8L to 2.2L / ha		Make first application when 1 to 2 midges are present per head and when 90% heads emerged. Further applications at 4 day intervals may be required depending on crop potential. Aerial Application: Apply in not less than 15 to 20L water.

ORNAMENTALS

SITUATION	PEST	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Ornamentals	Beetles, Caterpillars, Chewing insects, Cabbage moth, Cabbage white butterfly, Cutworms, European earwig, Green vegetable bug, Heliothis (budworms), Leaf eating ladybirds, Leafroller moths, Loopers, Potato moth, Pumpkin beetle, Rutherglen bug, Sucking insects, Tobacco leaf miner	200ml /100L water OR 2.2L/ha	Apply when pests appear and repeat as necessary. The product may be used as often as necessary with predatory mites (Phytoseiulus persimilis). NOTE: Because of the wide range of ornamentals and their pests, phytotoxicity and efficacy of this product cannot be guaranteed, so use a small test area before widespread use.
	Wingless grasshopper	175ml / 100L water	Spray infested areas thoroughly as required. NOTE: Because of the wide range of ornamentals and their pests, phytotoxicity and efficacy of this product cannot be guaranteed, so use a small test area before widespread use.

ORNAMENTALS cont...

SITUATION	PEST	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Ornamentals	White wax scale	150ml PLUS 1L Summer Oil spray per 100L water	Apply in late November to early December. An additional application in late January to early February may be required. NOTE: Because of the wide range of ornamentals and their pests, phytotoxicity and efficacy of this product cannot be guaranteed, so use a small test area before widespread use.
Roses	Cluster caterpillar, Lightbrown apple moth	200ml / 100L water	Apply at first sign of pest activity and then as necessary. Spray to point of wetness. Some plant damage may occur with close interval spraying.
Elm Trees in non-crop situations	Elm leaf beetle	200ml / 100L water	Apply when pests appear and repeat as necessary.
Indian Sandalwood (Santalum album) plantations and sandalwood nurseries	Browsing insects, Redshouldered leaf beetles	Apply at a maximum rate of 2.2L / ha applied aerially or via ground based shrouded spray rigs	Use shrouds and directed spray nozzles where spraying occurs amongst the crop. DO NOT apply more than twice in one year.

INDUSTRIAL AND EXTERNAL AREAS					
SITUATION	PEST	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS		
Non-crop Commercial and Industrial areas, rights of way	Wingless grasshoppers Grasshoppers	160ml / 100L water 1.1L to 1.4L / 100L water	Thoroughly spray infested areas as required. Apply by high volume ground spray using sufficient spray to get good coverage (220L to 1100L / ha).		
	European earwig	80ml /15L water	Apply liberally to exterior surfaces of buildings, fences, wood piles, rockeries and other breeding areas. Repeat application 4 weeks later.		
Industrial and external domestic areas	European earwig	80ml /15L water	Apply liberally to exterior surfaces of buildings, fences, wood piles, rockeries and other breeding areas. Repeat application 4 weeks later.		
	Grasshoppers	1.1L to 1.4L / 100L water	Apply by high volume ground equippment to control swarms. Use sufficient water for good coverage, usually 220L to 1100L / ha.		
	Vespulid (European and English) wasps in concealed nests	130ml to 320ml per L water	Pour or squirt into entrance of underground nest, or spray semiconcealed nest. Apply prefereably at night and wear protective clothing and veil to avoid stings.		
	Honey bees in concealed hives	1.1L / 100L water	Spray into nests in the open and in enclosed cavities where the nest is close to the entrance used by the bees. Destroy the nest if accessible. DO NOT use honeycomb - destroy or bury it. Apply prefereably at night and wear protective clothing and veil to avoid stings.		
Tobacco bulk sheds	Ants, European earwig, Fleas, Moths, Tobacco, Beetle, Weevils	200ml /10L water	Spray thoroughly surfaces to be treated. Five litres of spray should cover 100m ² .		

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIODS (WHP):

HARVEST (H)

Coconut, Cucurbits, Feijoa, Grapes, Guavas, Jaboticaba, Jackfruit, Litchis, Longans, Loquats, Macadamia nuts, Pecan nuts, Rambutans, Strawberries: WITHHOLDING PERIOD NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

Avocados, Beetroot, Cotton, Lemons, Oranges, Potato, Swede, Sweet potato, Turnips: DO NOT HARVEST FOR 3 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

Mangoes and Raspberries: DO NOT HARVEST FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

Cereal grain:

DO NOT HARVEST FOR 14 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION. Stone fruit:

DO NOT HARVEST FOR 5 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION.

DO NOT HARVEST FOR 11 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION.

Kenaf and Rosella

DO NOT USE ON KENAF OR ROSELLA CROPS THAT WILL BE USED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION.

Field crops, Pasture and Lucerne

DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FEED FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FEED FOR 14 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

LIVESTOCK FEEDING RESTRAINTS

Cotton: This product must not be used on cotton where cotton trash, fodder or stubble (excluding seed and hulls) will or may be fed to livestock.

DO NOT FEED COTTON, FODDER, STUBBLE OR TRASH TO LIVESTOCK.

EXPORT OF TREATED PRODUCE

Growers should note that MRLs or import tolerances do not exist in all markets for edible produce treated with KENDON CARBARYL 500SC INSECTICIDE. If you are growing edible produce for export, please check with Kendon Plant Care Pty Ltd for the latest information on MRLs and import tolerances BEFORE using KENDÓN CARBARYL 500SC INSECTICIDE.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

INSECTICIDE RESTISTANCE WARNING

GROUP 1A INSECTICIDE

For insecticide resistance management KENDON CARBARYL 500SC INSECTICIDE is a Group 1A insecticide. Some naturally occuring insect biotypes resistant to KENDON CARBARYL 500SC INSECTICIDE, and other Group 1A insecticides, may exist through normal genetic variablity in any insect population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the insect population if KENDON CARBARYL 500SC INSECTICIDE or other Group 1A insecticides are used repeatedly.

The effectiveness of KENDON CARBARYL 500SC INSECTICIDE on resistant individuals could be significantly reduced. Since the occurrance of resistant individuals is difficult to detect prior to use, Kendon Plant Care Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of KENDON CARBARYL 500SC INSECTICIDE to control resistant insects.

KENDON CARBARYL 500SC INSECTICIDE may be subject to specific resistance management strategies. For further information contact your local supplier, Kendon Plant Care representative or local agricultural department agronomist

Shake container before use. Fill tank half full of water, add KENDON CARBARYL 500SC INSECTICIDE, mix thoroughly then add remainder of water and mix again. When using as a tank mix with spray oils, add the product AFTER thoroughly mixing the oil with water in the spray tank

Application

Good pest control and fruit thinning (pome fruit) requires even, thorough coverage of the target area. Application should be made using appropriate spray equipment and sufficient water to provide adequate penetration and coverage. Equipment settings and water volume may need to vary, depending on the growth stage of the crop. Do not apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, which could be expected to cause spray to drift onto adjacent crops, crop lands, pastures or livestock.

Special Instructions for Tree and Vine Crops

Dilute Spraying

- Use a sprayer designed to apply high spray volumes, up to the point of run-off and matched to the crop being sprayed.
- Set up and operate the sprayer to achieve even coverage throughout the crop canopy. Apply sufficient spray volume to cover the crop to the point of run-off. Avoid excessive run-off.
- The required spray volume to achieve point of run-off may be determined by applying different test volumes, using different settings on the sprayer, or from industry guidelines or other expert advice.
- Add the amount of product specified in the Directions for Use table for each 100L of water. Spray to the point of run-off.
 The required dilute spray volume to achieve point of run-off will change and the
- sprayer set up and operation may also need to be changed, as the crop grows.

Concentrate Spraying

- Use a sprayer designed and set up for concentrate spraying (that is a sprayer which aplies spray volumes less than those required to reach the point of run-off) and matched to the crop being sprayed.
- Set up and operate the sprayer to achieve even coverage throughout the crop canopy using your chosen spray volume.
- Determine an appropriate dilute spray volume (see Dilute Spraying above) for the crop canopy. This is needed to calculate the concentrate mixing rate The mixing rate for concentrate spraying can then be calculated in the following

EXÁMPLE ONLY:

- Dilute spray volume as determined above: For example 1500L / ha.
- Your chosen concentrate spray volume: For example 500L / ha
- The concentration factor in this example is: $3 \times (ie. 1500L \div 500L = 3)$. If the dilute label rate is 200ml / 100L, then the concentrate rate becomes
 - 3 x 200ml; that is 600ml of product per 100L water for concentrate spraying.

Concentrate Spraying cont...

- The chosen spray volume, amount of product per 100L, and the sprayer set up and operation may need to be changed as the crop grows.
- For further information on concentrate spraying, users are advised to consult relevant industry guidelines, undertake appropriate competency training and follow Best Practices.

Crop Safety

Several days of high humidity or rain after spraying may result in some damage to tender foliage.

Pome Fruit

DO NOT use on guinces. **DO NOT** use on McIntosh and York verieties of apples. DO NOT apply to Delicious and Williams Favourite apples before, during or shorlty after frost as russet may occur. DO NOT apply in combination with summer oil on apples and pears as fruit spotting may occur. Applications may cause russet to Delicious and Williams Favourite when applied before, during or after frost. Residues can affect colouring of red varieties.

Compatibility

This product may be combined in the spray vat with any one of the following products: Copper oxychloride, Dimethoate, Dicofol, Iprodione liquid, Carbendazim, Summer spray

DO NOT mix with Lime Sulphur. Bordeaux mixture or other alkaline materials As formulations of other manufacturers products are beyond the control of Kendon Plant Care Pty Ltd, all mixtures should be tested prior to mixing commercial quantities.

Raspberries and Ornamental plants

- Do not allow entry into treated areas or re-handle treated plants by workers or members of the public for 8 days after treatment. When prior entry is required, wear rubber gloves and cotton overalls buttoned
- to the neck and wrist. Clothing and gloves must be washed after each days use.

Nursery Stock: Tree crops in containers

- Do not allow entry into treated areas or re-handle treated plants for 1 day after treatment.
- When prior entry is or re-handling is required, wear rubber gloves and cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist. Clothing and gloves must be washed after each days use.

Cotton Crops

- Do not allow entry into treated areas for 2 days after treatment.
- the neck and wrist. Clothing and gloves must be washed after each days use.

- When prior entry is equired, wear rubber gloves and cotton overalls buttoned to

All other crops

- Do not allow entry into treated areas for 1 day after treatment.
- When prior entry is equired, wear rubber gloves and cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist. Clothing and gloves must be washed after each days use.

PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK

Dangerous to bees. DO NOT spray any plants in flower while bees are foraging. PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container, in a cool, well ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before recycling or disposal.

Add rinsings to spray tank. If recycling or returning for reuse, replace cap and return rinsed clean containers to recycler, designated collection or refilling point. If not recycling or returning for reuse, break, crush, or puncture rinsed container and deliver empty packaging for appropriate disposal to drumMuster, an approved recycling program or accredited waste management facility. Containers and their product must not be burnt. Do not reuse empty containers for any other purpose. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. Excess and unwanted chemicals should be registered for collection through the national ChemClear® or equivalent collection

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Product is poisonous if absorbed by skin contact or swallowed. Will irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When opening the container and preparing the spray and using the prepared spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing), and a washable hat and elbow length chemical resistant gloves. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves, and contaminated clothing. Avoid bare skin contact with treated surfaces for 7 days.

FIRST AID

If swallowed, splashed on skin or in eyes, or inhaled, contact a Poisons Information Centre (phone 13 11 26) or doctor at once. Remove any contaminated clothing and wash skin thoroughly. If swallowed, activated charcoal may be advised. Give atropine

GHS STATEMENTS

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled (from fine inspirable mists). Suspected of causing cancer.

Additional information is listed in the Safety Data Sheet, which can be obtained from Kendon Plant Care Pty Ltd.

CONDITIONS OF SALE: The product as supplied is of high grade and believed to be suitable for any purpose for which it is expressly supplied and must be used in accordance with the directions for use given on this label. No responsibility is accepted in respect of this product, save those non excludable conditions implied by the Trade Practices Act or any applicable State Legislation.

APVMA No. 69359/106803